

Snakemake for reproducible research

Making a more general-purpose Snakemake workflow



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rule hello_world: output: 'results/hello.txt' shell: 'echo "Hello world!" > results/hello.txt' rule copy_file: input: rules.hello_world.output output: 'results/copied_file.txt' shell: 'cp results/hello.txt results/copied_file.txt'

```
rule hello_world:
    output:
        'results/hello.txt'
shell:
        'echo "Hello world!" > results/hello.txt'
rule copy_file:
    input:
        rules.hello_world.output
    output:
        'results/copied_file.txt'
shell:
        'cp results/hello.txt results/copied_file.txt'
```

- Using hard-coded file paths
- Having multiple inputs/outputs per rule
- (Checking Snakemake behaviour)



- Using hard-coded file paths Placeholders and wildcards
- Having multiple inputs/outputs per rule Numbered/named inputs/outputs
- (Checking Snakemake behaviour) → (Log files)



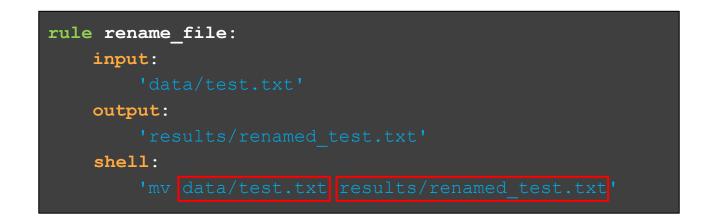
• Using hard-coded file paths —

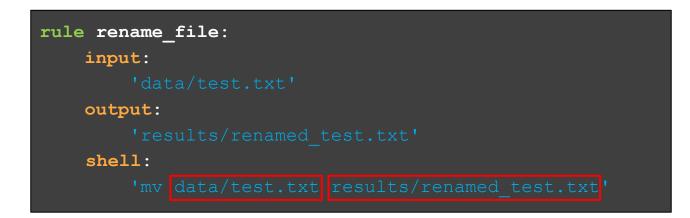
Placeholders and wildcards

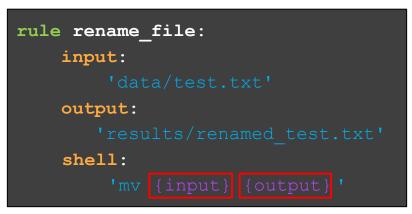
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- Placeholder:
 - A person or thing that occupies the position or place of another person or thing
 - A symbol in a mathematical or logical expression that may be replaced by the name of any element of a set

(From the Merriam-Webster dictionary)







- {input} and {output} are placeholders
- Used in shell directive
- Similar to python f-string
- Snakemake will replace them with appropriate values before running the command
- Many directives can use placeholders: {log}, {benchmark}, {params}...

<pre>rule rename_file:</pre>
input:
'data/test.txt'
output:
'results/renamed_test.txt'
shell:
'mv {input} {output} '



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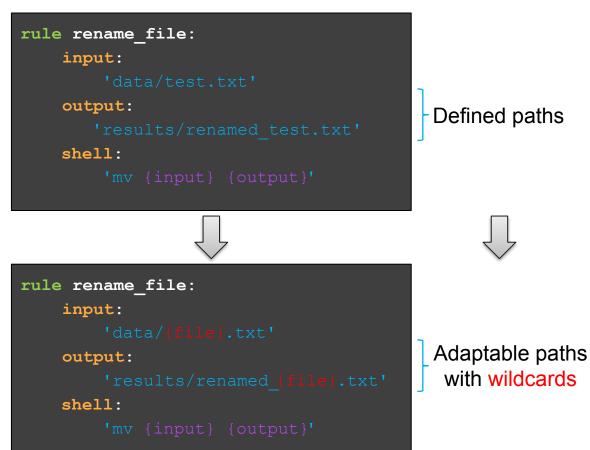
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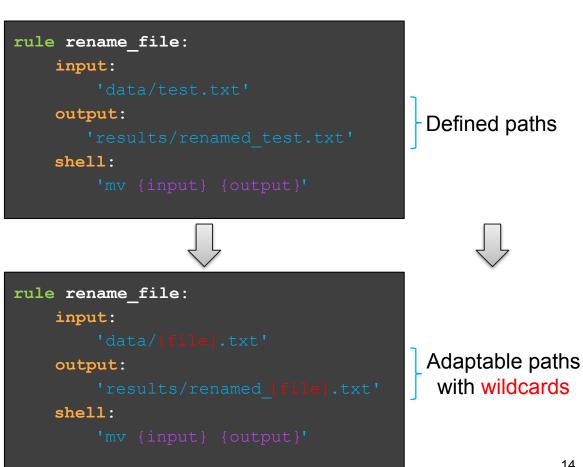
```
rule rename_file:
    input:
        'data/test.txt'
    output:
        'results/renamed_test.txt'
    shell:
        'mv {input} {output}'

Defined paths
```

 Wildcards ≈ "variables" automatically inferred by Snakemake



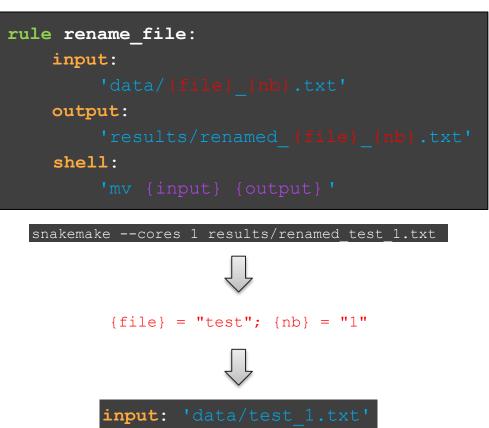
- Wildcards \approx "variables" automatically inferred by Snakemake
- Enclose wildcard name with curly brackets {}



- Wildcards are "resolved" from the target and propagated to other directives
 - Regular expression matching: .+
 - "1 or more occurrences of any character except newline"
 - Can be constrained
- Using wildcards forces to ask for output(s): Snakemake doesn't guess!
 - Target rules cannot contain wildcards

<pre>rule rename_file:</pre>
input:
'data/(file).txt'
output:
<pre>'results/renamed_{file}.txt'</pre>
shell:
<pre>snakemakecores 1 results/renamed_test.txt</pre>
<pre>{file} = "test"</pre>
<pre>input: 'data/test.txt'</pre>

- Wildcards are "resolved" from the target and propagated to other directives
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- Both a workflow and a rule can use multiple wildcards



- Wildcards are "resolved" from the target and propagated to other directives
 - Regular expression matching: .+
- Both a workflow and a rule can use multiple wildcards
- Input and output files do not need to share the same wildcards
- All outputs, logs... created by a rule must have the same wildcards!

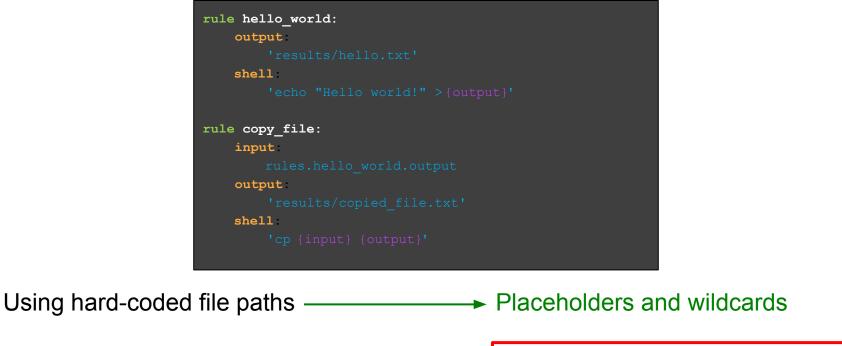
<pre>rule rename_file:</pre>
input:
'data/(file).txt'
output:
<pre>'results/renamed_{file}_{nb}.txt'</pre>
shell:
'mv {input} {output} '
<pre>snakemakecores 1 results/renamed_test_1.txt</pre>
\Box
{file} = "test"; {nb} = "1"
\Box
<pre>input: 'data/test.txt'</pre>

Building a Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG)

split_uniprot transposonPSI transposonPSI transposonPSI transposonPSI transposonPSI transposonPSI nr: 50 nr: 51 nr: 52 nr: 53 nr: 55 nr: 54 list tePSI hits filter uniprot fasta RepeatModeler detect adapters atropos error filtered blast db symbolic links sample: 17 L4 001 sample: 17 L4 001 build hisat2 index blast repeat library trim reads protexcluder hisat2 fastqc fastqc trimmed to bam multigo mask braker mapping stats gualimap bamge eval mapping stats samtools

all

- Rule can appear more than once, with different wildcards
 - 1 rule + 1 wildcard values = 1 job

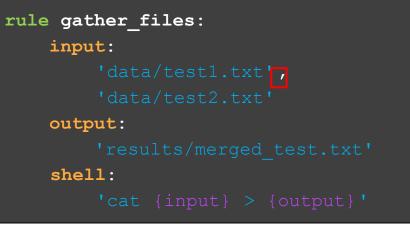


- Having multiple inputs/outputs per rule Numbered/named inputs/outputs
- (Checking Snakemake behaviour) (Log files)

• Rules can use multiple inputs/outputs

Rules can use multiple inputs/outputs

- Separated by a comma
- Input values are unpacked (replaced by a space-separated list)





shell:

'cat data/test1.txt data/test2.txt > results/merged test.txt'

• Rules can use multiple inputs/outputs

- Separated by a comma
- Input values are unpacked (replaced by a space-separated list)
- Shell can have multiple commands
 - Separated by a semicolon
 - Commands are concatenated

```
rule gather_files:
    input:
        'data/test1.txt',
        'data/test2.txt'
    output:
        'results/merged_test.txt'
    shell:
        'cat {input} > {output} []
        'cat {input} >> {output} ]
```

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rule gather files:
    input:
    output:
    shell:
```

Rules can use multiple inputs/outputs

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 - Separated by a semicolon
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- Inputs can be accessed by their positional index: input[n]
 - Numbering starts at 0

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rule gather files:
    input:
    output:
    shell:
```

Rules can use multiple inputs/outputs

- Separated by a comma
- Input values are unpacked (replaced by a space-separated list)
- Shell can have multiple commands
 - Separated by a semicolon
 - Commands are concatenated
- Inputs can be accessed by their positional index: input[n]
 - Numbering starts at 0
- Named inputs can be accessed by their names: input.input_name

```
rule gather files:
    input:
        file 1='data/test1.txt',
        file 2='data/test2.txt'
    output:
    shell:
         . . .
```

Outputs work like inputs

- Separated by ','
- Can be named
- Can be accessed by positional index or by name
- All outputs need to be created or the job will fail

```
rule gather files:
   input:
        file_1='data/test1.txt
        file 2='data/test2.txt'
   output:
        copy 1='results/copied test1.txt
        copy 2='results/copied test2.txt'
    shell:
```

snakemake --cores 1 results/copied_test1.txt

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- Using hard-coded file paths Placeholders and wildcards
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Checking Snakemake behaviour: log files

- 'log' is a directive; its value is a path to a log file for one rule
 - Can be accessed with a placeholder in shell: {log}

```
rule rename_file:
    input:
        'data/test.txt'
    output:
        'results/renamed_file.txt'
    log:
        'logs/renaming.log'
    shell:
        'mv {input} {output} 2> {log}'
```

Checking Snakemake behaviour: log files

- 'log' is a directive; its value is a path to a log file for one rule
 - Can be accessed with a placeholder in shell: {log}
- You need to manually redirect messages to logs, but Snakemake automatically creates the folder path

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rule rename_file:
    input:
        'data/test.txt'
    output:
        'results/renamed_file.txt'
    log:
        'logs/renaming.log'
    shell:
        'mv {input} {output} 2: {log}'
```

Checking Snakemake behaviour: log files

- 'log' is a directive; its value is a path to a log file for one rule
 - Can be accessed with a placeholder in shell: {log}
- You need to manually redirect messages to logs, but Snakemake automatically creates the folder path
- Log files must have the same wildcards as the output!
- Best practice: put all logs in same folder

<pre>rule rename_file:</pre>
input:
'data/test.txt'
output:
'results/renamed_file.txt'
log:
'logs/renaming.log'
shell:
<pre>'mv {input} {output} 2> {log}'</pre>

Exercises

- Through the day:
 - Develop a simple RNAseq analysis workflow, from reads (fastq files) to Differentially Expressed Genes (DEG)
- For this session:
 - Use multiple inputs and outputs
 - Use placeholders and wildcards
 - Visualise a workflow DAG
 - (Check a workflow's behaviour)