

Differential gene expression analysis and enrichment analysis

Differential gene expression (DGE) analysis (marker gene identification)

• FindAllMarkers(): implemented in Seurat, defaults to Wilcoxon test, to detect genes that are "markers" for cell clusters. Finds genes that are DE between 1 cluster and all other cells.

• FindMarkers(): to perform pairwise DGE analysis, eg between cluster 1 and cluster 2, defaults to Wilcoxon test.

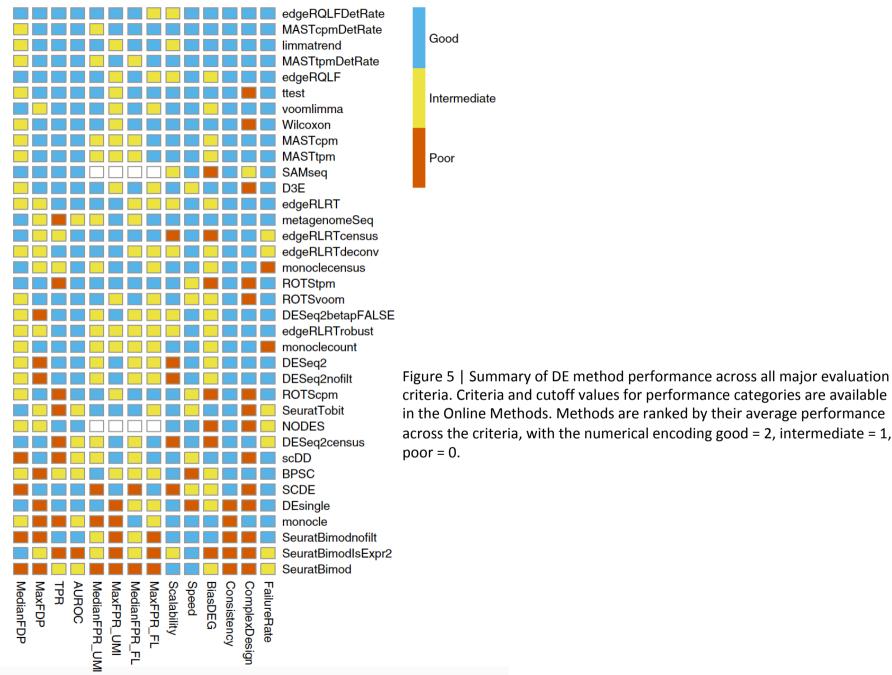
What is the ideal DGE analysis method?

Bias, robustness and scalability in single-cell differential expression analysis

Charlotte Soneson^{1,2} & Mark D Robinson^{1,2}

Many methods have been used to determine differential gene expression from single-cell RNA (scRNA)-seq data. We evaluated 36 approaches using experimental and synthetic data and found considerable differences in the number and characteristics of the genes that are called differentially expressed. Prefiltering of lowly expressed genes has important

recent studies suggest that the optimal metl the number of cells and strength of the signa not initially developed for scRNA-seq analysis. In this study, we used processed data sets, other sources, to evaluate DE methods in so study expands the number of methods and ra



https://github.com/csoneson/conquer_comparison/blob/master/scripts/apply_edgeRQLFDetRate.R

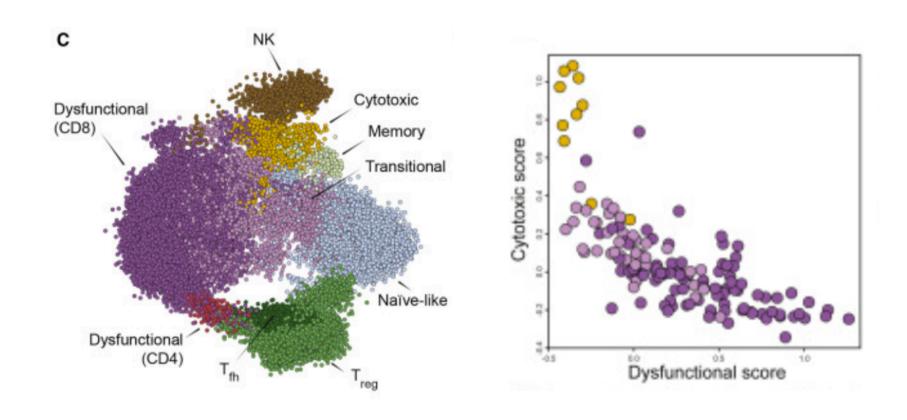
limma or edgeR

Methods designed for bulk RNA seq analysis

Can be used to include batch effects in model as covariates

 Can be used to analyze factorial design such as genotype x treatment

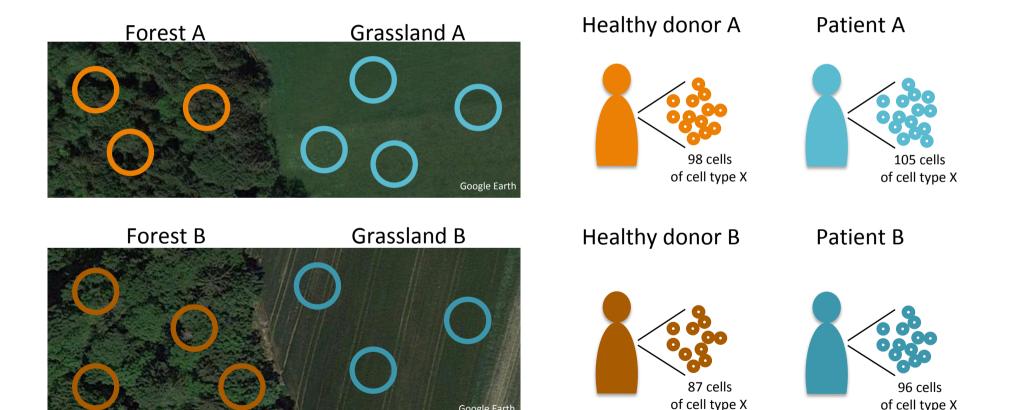
MetaCell - K-nn graph partitions



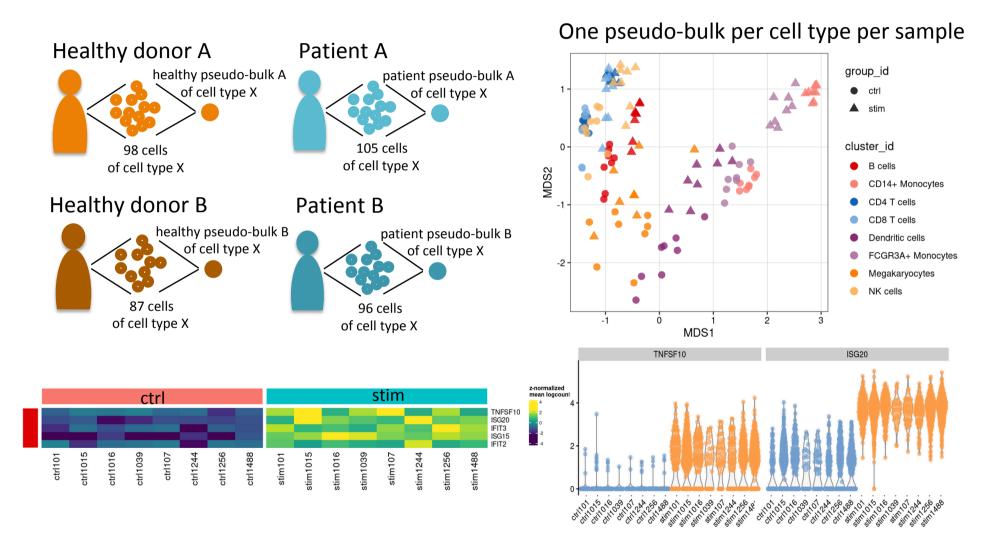
Problem of pseudo-replication?

7 or 2 replicates per ecosystem?

How many independent replicates do we have, How many independent replicates do we have, ~200 or 2 replicates per condition?



Pseudo-bulk DE analysis: muscat



Question on DE analysis

Once we have identified DE genes, what do we do?

scRNA sequencing pipeline

Differential expression analysis

Enrichment analysis

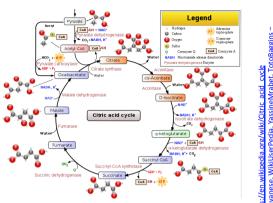
Several methods available, e.g.:

- over-representation analysis (ORA)
- gene set enrichment analysis (GSEA)

Goal: to gain biologicallymeaningful insights from long gene lists

- test if differentially expressed genes are enriched in genes associated with a particular function
- approaches: test a small number of gene sets, or a large collection of gene sets

What is a gene set?



- Genes working together in a pathway (e.g. energy release through Krebs cycle)
- Genes located in the same compartment in a cell (e.g. all proteins located in the cell nucleus)
- Proteins that are all regulated by a same transcription factor
- Custom gene list that comes from a publication and that are down-regulated in a mutant
- List of genes that contain SNPs associated with a disease
- ··· etc!
- Several gene sets are grouped into Knowledge bases

Gene ontology

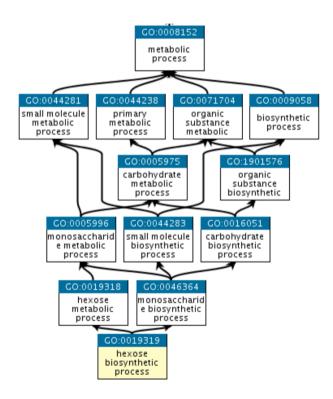
http://geneontology.org/

The mission of the GO Consortium is to develop a comprehensive, computational model of biological systems, ranging from the molecular to the organism level, across the multiplicity of species in the tree of life.

The Gene Ontology (GO) knowledgebase is the world's largest source of information on the functions of genes.

Different ontologies:

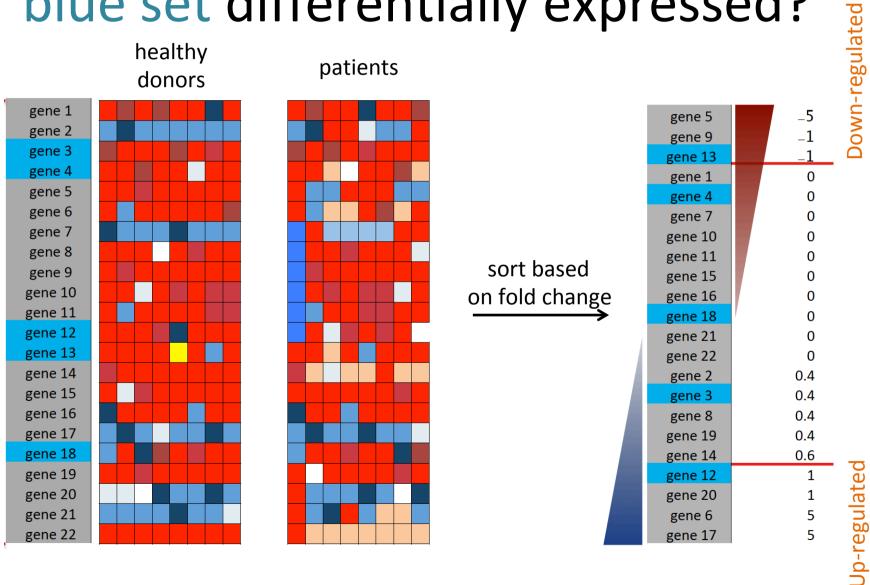
- Biological processes
- Cellular components
- Molecular functions



Sources of gene sets

- Online:
- MSigDB: database containing several types of gene set lists
- https://www.gsea-msigdb.org/gsea/msigdb/index.jsp
 - GO
 - hallmark
 - published gene sets
- KEGG (bi-directional eg mTOR signaling): https://www.kegg.jp/kegg/pathway.html
- Reactome https://reactome.org/
- WikiPathways
 https://www.wikipathways.org/index.php/WikiPathways

Are the genes belonging to the blue set differentially expressed?



Fisher's exact test in R

- > cont.table<-matrix(c(2,3,5,12), ncol=2, byrow = T)</pre>
- > fisher.test(cont.table)

Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data

data: cont.table

p-value = 1

alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1

95 percent confidence interval:

0.1012333 18.7696686

sample estimates:

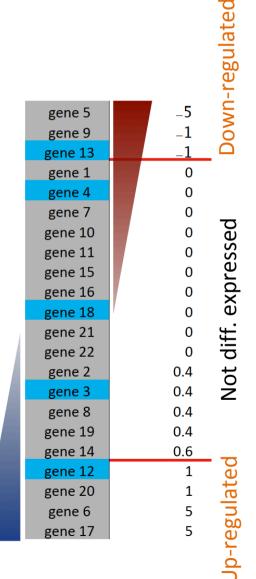
odds ratio 1.56456

count table	Differentially expressed	Not Differentially expressed	total
blue	2	3	5
Not blue	5	12	17
total	7	15	22

$$2/7 = 3/15 = 0.29$$
 0.20

Which gene sets are differentially expressed?

Run individual Fisher's gene 1 0.4 gene 2 gene 3 exact tests for each gene gene 4 gene 5 set, blue, pink, purple, gene 6 gene 7 0.4 gene 8 green gene 9 gene 10 gene 11 1 gene 12 gene 13 ⇒Multiple tests need p-0.6 gene 14 gene 15 value adjustment. gene 16 5 gene 17 0 gene 18 gene 19 0.4 gene 20 1 gene 21 ⇒Fisher test is thresholdgene 22 based



Over-representation analysis using R: One possibility among many

clusterProfiler



statistical analysis and visualization of functional profiles for genes and gene clusters

Built-in gene sets for human, mouse, yeast, etc Built-in GO and KEGG (see later)

[•] **G Yu**, LG Wang, Y Han, QY He. clusterProfiler: an R package for comparing biological themes among gene clusters. **OMICS: A Journal of Integrative Biology** 2012, 16(5):284-287. doi:[10.1089/omi.2011.0118](http://dx.doi.org/10.1089/omi.2011.0118)

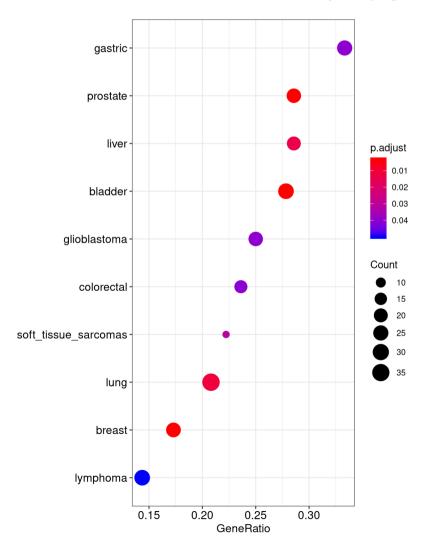
Functions for over-representation analysis

```
Fisher exact test (package stats)
fisher.test(x, y = NULL, workspace = 200000, hybrid = FALSE,
             hybridPars = c(expect = 5, percent = 80, Emin = 1),
             control = list(), or = 1, alternative = "two.sided",
             conf.int = TRUE, conf.level = 0.95,
             simulate.p.value = FALSE, B = 2000)
Over-representation analysis (similar to Fisher test) for built-in GO gene sets:
enrichGO(gene, OrgDb, keyType = "ENTREZID", ont = "MF",
  pvalueCutoff = 0.05, pAdjustMethod = "BH", universe,
  qvalueCutoff = 0.2, minGSSize = 10, maxGSSize = 500,
  readable = FALSE, pool = FALSE)
enricher(): similar enrichGO() but for user defined gene sets
enricher(gene, pvalueCutoff = 0.05, pAdjustMethod = "BH", universe,
  minGSSize = 10, maxGSSize = 500, qvalueCutoff = 0.2, TERM2GENE,
  TERM2NAME = NA)
```

Visualizations available in clusterProfiler

dotplot

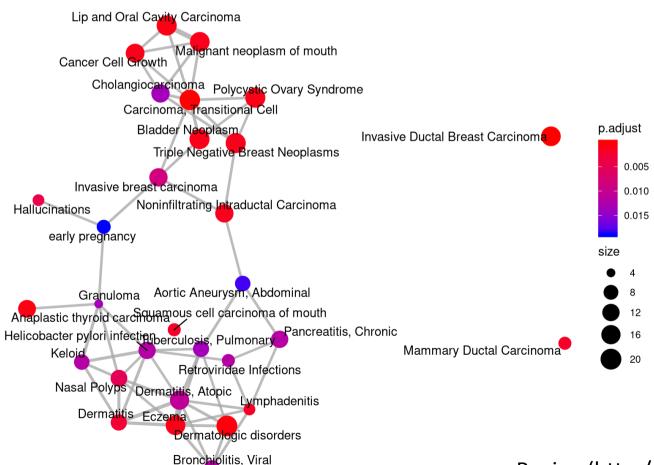
ego <- enrichGO(de)
dotplot(ego, showCategory=10)</pre>



Visualizations available in clusterProfiler

ego <- enrichGO(de)
emapplot(pairwise_termsim(ego))</pre>

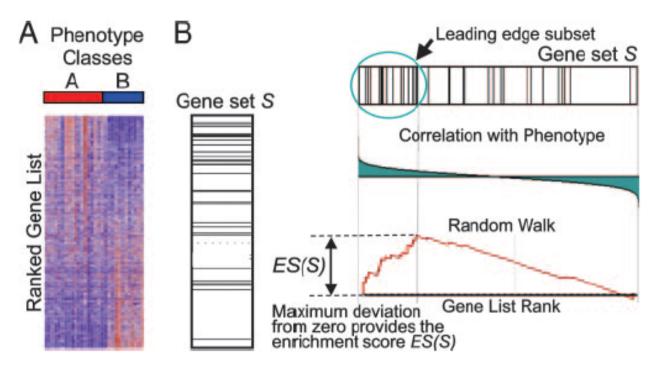
Enrichment map



Revigo (http://revigo.irb.hr/)

Gene set enrichment analysis (GSEA)

Can be performed if you have statistics for all genes detected in the scRNAseq dataset, when using limma or edgeR



clusterProfiler:

gseGO(): GSEA of GO terms using all ranked genes

gseKEGG(): GSEA of KEGG pathways using all ranked genes

GSEA(): GSEA of custom gene set collection using all ranked genes

Subramanian et al 2005. Gene set enrichment analysis: a knowledge-based approach for interpreting genome-wide expression profiles. PNAS 102(43):15545-50 doi: 10.1073/pnas.0506580102

Question on enrichment analysis